Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1-16. (canceled)
- 17. (currently amended) A method of treating or preventing endometriosis in a subject having endometriosis or in danger of developing endometriosis comprising administering to the subject an amount of a dietary indole effective to reduce or prevent one or more symptoms associated with endometriosis.
- 18. (original) The method according to claim 17 wherein the symptom is selected from the group consisting of pain, dysplasia, and the level Ca-125 antigen detectable in serum.
- 19. (original) The method according to claim 17 wherein the dietary indole is selected from the group consisting of I3C, DIM and LTR-1.
 - 20. (original) The method of claim 19 wherein the dietary indole is DIM.
- 21. (original) The method of claim 20, wherein the DIM is suspended as microparticles in a starch carrier matrix.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 19 wherein the dietary indole is LTR-1.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 22, wherein the LTR-1 is suspended as microparticles in a starch carrier matrix.
 - 24-33. (canceled)
- 34. (previously presented) The method of claim 17, further comprising administering grapefruit, grapefruit concentrate, grapefruit juice, or grapefruit juice concentrate.
 - 35. (canceled)
- 36. (new) A method of reducing the risk of endometriosis in a subject in danger of developing endometriosis comprising administering to the subject an amount of a dietary indole effective to reduce or prevent one or more symptoms associated with endometriosis.

- 37. (new) The method according to claim 36 wherein the symptom is selected from the group consisting of pain, dysplasia, and the level Ca-125 antigen detectable in serum.
- 38. (new) The method according to claim 36 wherein the dietary indole is selected from the group consisting of I3C, DIM and LTR-1.
 - 39. (new) The method of claim 38 wherein the dietary indole is DIM.
- 40. (new) The method of claim 39, wherein the DIM is suspended as microparticles in a starch carrier matrix.
 - 41. (new) The method of claim 38 wherein the dietary indole is LTR-1.
- 42. (new) The method of claim 41, wherein the LTR-1 is suspended as microparticles in a starch carrier matrix.

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